

SCHOOL MEAL/FEEDING PROGRAM(S)

Most recently completed school year:
October 2018 – July 2019 (180 school days)

- School Meals Program

Lead Agency: Ministry of Education – Social Service and School Health Administration

NATIONAL LAWS, POLICIES, AND STANDARDS

- National school feeding policy
- Nutrition
- Food safety
- Agriculture
- Private sector involvement

Line item in the national budget... Yes No NR

BUDGET

Total: NR

- National government: NR
- International donors*: NR
- Private sector: NR
- Other donors: NR

*Contributions by United Nations agencies or non-governmental organizations often represent funding from multiple donors.

INFRASTRUCTURE

NR

SPECIAL NOTES

Some data from UNESCO were used to complete this report.

NR = No Response

MEALS/SNACKS/MODALITY

- Breakfast
- Lunch
- Dinner
- Snacks
- Take-home rations
- Conditional cash transfer

- Grains/cereals
- Roots, tubers
- Legumes and nuts
- Dairy products
- Eggs
- Meat
- Poultry
- Other (Date-enhanced biscuits)
- Fish
- Green, leafy vegetables
- Other vegetables
- Fruits
- Oil
- Salt
- Sugar

Prohibited food items: NR

FOOD SOURCES

- Purchased (domestic)
- Purchased (foreign)
- In-kind (domestic)
- In-kind (foreign)

COMPLEMENTARY ACTIVITIES

- Handwashing with soap
- Height measurement
- Weight measurement
- Deworming treatment
- Eye testing/eyeglasses
- Hearing testing/treatment
- Dental cleaning/testing
- Menstrual hygiene
- Drinking water
- Water purification

COMPLEMENTARY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

EDUCATION

- Nutrition
- Health
- Food and agriculture
- Reproductive health
- Hygiene
- HIV prevention

OTHER

- School gardens
- Physical education

The checked and highlighted items are reported as required, though they may not be uniformly implemented.

= mandatory



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Libya



SCHOOL MEAL PROGRAMS

CHILDREN RECEIVING FOOD, 2018-19

| School level | Total # | # Enrolled | # Receiving Food |
|------------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| Primary school | 739,563 | – | 18,038 |
| Secondary school | 663,608 | – | – |
| Total | 1,402,871 | – | 18,038 |



COVERAGE: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL-AGE CHILDREN

Total number primary and secondary school-age children: 1,402,871

Receiving school food: 18,038

- Food was also provided to some students in
- Pre-schools
 - Vocational/trade schools
 - University/higher education
 - Other

NUTRITION

School feeding program(s) include/involve the following:

- Fortified foods**
- Bio-fortified foods
- Micronutrient supplements**
- Nutritionists involved
- Special training for cooks/caterers in nutrition
- Objective to meet nutritional goals
- Objective to reduce obesity

Food items fortified:

Other (Date-enhanced biscuits)

Micronutrients added to fortified foods:

Iron, Vitamin A, Iodine, Zinc, Calcium

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

NR

AGRICULTURE, EMPLOYMENT, AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Jobs created by school feeding programs

- NR Cooks and food preparers
- NR Transporters
- NR Off-site processors
- NR Food packagers and handlers
- NR Monitoring
- NR Food service management
- NR Safety and quality inspectors
- NR Other

Farmers were involved with the school feeding program(s)...

- Yes No NR

Other private sector (for profit) actors were involved...

- Yes No NR

There was a focus on creating jobs or leadership or income-generating opportunities for...

- Women
- Youth
- Other groups

There was community engagement (by parents or others) in the school feeding program(s)

- Yes No NR

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

NR

CONTACTS: LIBYA

Agency:

Ministry of Education – Social Service and School Health Administration

SUCSESSES AND CHALLENGES

Positive developments: The program was launched in partnership with the World Food Program at the end of 2018 and work is still taking place at a slow pace due to the security and political fluctuations in the country.

Strengths: One of the most important achievements is to start implementing this program from scratch. The program will be strong when it is guaranteed by the Libyan government.

Major setbacks: None.

Challenges or problems related to school feeding: Security challenges result from conflicts; Funding challenges, especially in light of the political divide; Competency challenges, specialized nutrition competencies require a lot of technical skills; Community solidarity, which may come in the event of good marketing, does not favor the program.

STUDIES CONDUCTED

None

RESEARCH NEEDED

NR

Program report: Libya

All data from the 2018-19 school year

SCHOOL MEALS PROGRAM

Lead implementer(s):

Ministry of Education – Social Service and School Health Administration

OBJECTIVES:

NR

MODALITIES OF PROVIDING STUDENTS WITH FOOD:

- In-school snacks five times per week

TARGETING:

Geographic and individual student characteristics

HOW MANY STUDENTS RECEIVED SCHOOL FOOD IN 2018-19 SCHOOL YEAR?

| School level | # Students | % Girls | % Boys |
|------------------|---------------|------------|------------|
| Pre-school | N/A | | |
| Primary school | 18,038 | 50% | 50% |
| Secondary school | N/A | | |
| Total | 18,038 | 50% | 50% |

FOOD ITEMS:

Grains/cereals

Other* (Date-enhanced biscuits)

* fortified

FOOD SOURCES:

0 - Purchased (domestic)

0% In-kind (domestic)

0 - Purchased (foreign)

100% In-kind (foreign)

NOTES:

NR

