SCHOOL MEAL/FEEDING PROGRAM(S)

School year: 2020-2021

• Restopolis - School and university catering service (Restopolis - Service de restauration scolaire et universitaire)

• School Milk and Fruit (Schoulmëllech a Schouluebst)

Lead Agency: The Ministry of National Education, Children and Youth

NATIONAL LAWS, POLICIES, AND STANDARDS

	Nutrition
	Food safety
	Health
	Agriculture
	Private sector involvement
Lin	e item in the national budget
	Yes \square No $ olimits$ No response

☐ National school feeding policy

BUDGET

Total: Unknown

Government: USD 386,847*

International donors: USD 482,992**

Private sector: USD 0 Other donors: USD 0

Includes funding from the United States Department

of Agriculture ☐ Yes ☑ No ☐ No response

INFRASTRUCTURE

All schools in Luxembourg have electricity, piped and clean water, gender-private flush toilets, and dedicated eating spaces/cafeterias, while some have kitchens. Meals/snacks are prepared on-site (on school grounds) but also purchased and distributed in unprocessed form.

SPECIAL NOTES

The Ministry of National Education, Children and Youth is responsible for school feeding only at the secondary school and university levels. School meals in primary schools are the responsibility of communes and schools.

MEALC/CNIACI/C/MODALITY

MEALS/SNACKS/MODALITY					
☐ Breakfast ✓ Lunch ☐ Dinner	✓ Snacks ☐ Take-home rations ☐ Other				
Grains, cereals Roots, tubers Legumes, pulses, nuts Dairy products Eggs Meat Poultry Fish	 ☑ Green, leafy vegetables ☑ Other vegetables ☑ Fruits ☑ Oil ☑ Salt ☑ Sugar 				
Dairy milk Yogurt drink Fruit juice	☐ Tea ✓ Water ☐ Other				
Prohibited food items: Products v	with GMOs				
FOOD SOURCES					
✓ Purchased (domestic) □ In-kind (domestic) ✓ Purchased (foreign) □ In-kind (foreign)					
COMPLEMENTARY ACTIVITIES					
☐ Handwashing with soap ☐ Height measurement ☐ Weight measurement ☐ Testing for anemia ☐ Deworming treatment ☐ Eye testing/eyeglasses	 Hearing testing/treatment Dental cleaning/testing Menstrual hygiene Drinking water Water purification 				

MS

COMPLEMENTARY EDUCATION PROGRAM				
✓ Food and nutrition ☐ Health ✓ Agriculture ☐ Reproduct ✓ School gardens ☐ HIV prevent ☐ Hygiene ☐ Physical e	ention			

The checked items were provided in most or all participating schools.



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GRAND DUCHY OF Luxembourg



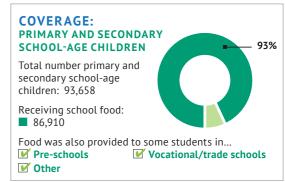


SCHOOL MEAL PROGRAMS

CHILDREN RECEIVING FOOD, 2020-2021

School level	Total	# Enrolled	# Receiving food
Pre-school	20,273	18,217	17,792
Primary school	41,216	39,762	38,834
Secondary school	52,442	48,345	48,076
Total	113,931	106,324	104,702





^{*} The available budget information is inclusive only of funding for the School Milk and Fruit program, which totals USD 869,840. The total funding for school feeding in Luxembourg is not known.

^{**} International donations by United Nations agencies or non-governmental organizations often represent funding from multiple donors. This includes support from the European Union's school fruit, vegetables and milk scheme.

NUTRITION School feeding program(s) included/involved the following: ☐ Fortified foods ☐ Bio-fortified foods ☐ Micronutrient supplements Nutritionists involved ☐ Special training for cooks/caterers in nutrition **Objective to meet nutritional goals Objective to reduce obesity** Food items fortified/biofortified: Not applicable Micronutrients: Not applicable **ADDITIONAL INFORMATION** Efforts to prevent or mitigate overweight/obesity include health education and physical education. STUDIES CONDUCTED

RESEARCH NEEDED

Not specified

None reported

AGRICULTURE, EMPLOYMENT, AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION

Jobs created by school feeding programs*

- Cooks and food preparers
- Transporters
 - Off-site processors
 - Food packagers and handlers

	Monitoring
	Food service management
	Safety and quality inspectors
	Other
*If blank, no res	ponse was provided.
Farmers were	involved with the school feeding program(s)
🗹 Yes 🗌 N	o 🗌 No response
Other private	sector (for profit) actors were involved
✓ Yes □ N	o 🗌 No response
	ocus on creating jobs or leadership or income- portunities for
☐ Women Youth	Other groupsNo response
	mmunity engagement (by parents or others) in eding program(s)
☐ Yes 📝 N	o 🗌 No response
Were there lin program(s)?	ks between food banks and the school feeding
☐ Yes ☐ N	o 🗹 No response

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION

Food is purchased through a competitive tender with certain lots reserved for regional producers. All the food is purchased locally or regionally. However, only some of the food is produced within the region, while the rest comes from countries such as Belgium, France, Italy, Spain, or Peru.

CONTACTS: LUXEMBOURG

Agency: The Ministry of National Education, Children and Youth

Website: www.restopolis.lu

SUCCESSES AND CHALLENGES

Recent successes related to school feeding in Luxembourg include the promotion of local products, the offering of vegetarian/vegan products and animal protein dishes, and the abandonment of non-sustainable products in favor of a smaller ecological footprint.

EMERGENCIES/COVID-19 PANDEMIC

GCNF GLOBAL SURVEY 2021

The COVID-19 pandemic resulted in decreases in funding, the number of students fed, and the variety of foods served. There were temporary changes in the venue (location) of distributing/ receiving food and in feeding modality, such that meals/ snacks were prepared at school but were served in a very different way than before (e.g., social distancing measures were implemented, including the refurbishment of catering areas with tables for 6 students). In February 2021, Luxembourg decided to close its schools early one week before the school holidays due to the infection levels.



All data from the 2020–2021 school year

RESTOPOLIS - SCHOOL AND UNIVERSITY CATERING SERVICE **RESTOPOLIS - SERVICE DE RESTAURATION** SCOLAIRE ET UNIVERSITAIRE

Lead implementer(s): The Ministry of National Education, Children and Youth

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide a social safety net
- To meet nutritional and/or health goals
- To prevent or mitigate obesity

MODALITIES OF PROVIDING STUDENTS WITH FOOD:

In-school meals

FREOUENCY AND DURATION:

· 5 times per week during the school year

TARGETING:

Universal

HOW MANY STUDENTS RECEIVED SCHOOL FOOD IN 2020-2021 SCHOOL YEAR?

School level	# Students	% Girls	% Boys
Pre-school	17,792	-	-
Primary school	38,834	_	-
Secondary school	48,076	_	_
Total	104,702	-	-

FOOD AND BEVERAGE ITEMS:

Poultry	Salt
Fish	Sugar
Green, leafy vegeta	bles Dairy milk
Other vegetables	Fruit juice
Fruits	Water
Oil	* fortified
	Fish Green, leafy vegeta Other vegetables Fruits

FOOD SOURCES:

✓ Purchased (domestic)	☐ In-kind (domestic
✓ Purchased (foreign)	☐ In-kind (foreign)
If blank, no response was provided.	

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

The Restopolis - School and university catering service began operating in 2005. To limit food packaging waste, compostable materials and recycling are utilized, and where possible, products are bought without packaging.

SCHOOL MILK AND FRUIT SCHOULMËLLECH A SCHOULUEBST



Lead implementer(s): Administration of Technical Agriculture Services -Horticulture Service, within the Ministry of Agriculture, Viticulture and Sustainable Development

OBJECTIVES:

- · To meet educational goals
- · To meet nutritional and/or health goals

MODALITIES OF PROVIDING STUDENTS WITH FOOD:

In-school snacks

FREQUENCY AND DURATION:

• 1 time per week during the school year

TARGETING:

Universal

HOW MANY STUDENTS RECEIVED SCHOOL FOOD IN 2020-2021 SCHOOL YEAR?

School level	# Students	% Girls	% Boys
Pre-school	Unknown	_	_
Primary school	Unknown	_	_
Secondary school	Unknown	_	_
Total	104,492	-	-

FOOD AND BEVERAGE ITEMS:

Other vegetables Fruits * fortified

FOOD SOURCES:

100% Purchased (domestic) 0% In-kind (domestic) 0% Purchased (foreign) 0% In-kind (foreign) If blank, no response was provided.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:

To limit food waste, surveys are conducted in schools with subsequent adjustment of quantities as necessary. School gardens serve as an educational tool to demonstrate the cultivation of fruits and vegetables; students may consume any harvests.