SCHOOL MEAL/FEEDING PROGRAM(S)

School year: 2020–2021
- Community-Based Hot Meal Programme
- Juice and Biscuit Snack Programme
- Breakfast Programme

The Breakfast Programme was not operating in the 2020–2021 school year in response to the COVID-19 pandemic.

Lead Agency: Ministry of Education

NATIONAL LAWS, POLICIES, AND STANDARDS

- National school feeding policy
- Nutrition
- Food safety
- Health
- Agriculture
- Private sector involvement

Line item in the national budget...

- Yes
- No
- No response

BUDGET

Total: USD 2,637,425

- Government: USD 2,637,425
- International donors*: USD 0
- Private sector: USD 0
- Other donors: USD 0

Includes funding from the United States Department of Agriculture

- Yes
- No
- No response

*International donations by United Nations agencies or non-governmental organizations often represent funding from multiple donors.

INFRASTRUCTURE

All schools in Guyana have electricity and clean water; most have piped water and flush toilets; some have kitchens; and very few schools have latrines and dedicated eating areas/cafeterias. School meals are prepared on-site (on school grounds) in centralized kitchens; these kitchens are typically equipped with open-cooking areas, piped water, storage facilities, refrigeration, gas stoves and serving utensils. In the Juice and Biscuit Snack Programme, food is purchased in processed form.

SPECIAL NOTES

None

MEALS/SNACKS/MODALITY

- Breakfast
- Lunch
- Dinner
- Snacks
- Take-home rations
- Other

- Grains, cereals
- Roots, tubers
- Legumes, pulses, nuts
- Dairy products
- Eggs
- Meat
- Poultry
- Fish
- Green, leafy vegetables
- Other vegetables
- Fruits
- Oil
- Salt
- Sugar

- Dairy milk
- Yogurt drink
- Fruit juice
- Tea
- Water
- Other

Prohibited food items: None

FOOD SOURCES

- Purchased (domestic)
- In-kind (domestic)
- Purchased (foreign)
- In-kind (foreign)

COMPLEMENTARY ACTIVITIES

- Handwashing with soap
- Height measurement
- Weight measurement
- Testing for anemia
- Deworming treatment
- Eye testing/eyeglasses
- Hearing testing/treatment
- Dental cleaning/testing
- Menstrual hygiene
- Drinking water
- Water purification

COMPLEMENTARY EDUCATION PROGRAMS

- Food and nutrition
- Agriculture
- School gardens
- Hygiene
- Health
- Reproductive health
- HIV prevention
- Physical education

The checked items were provided in most or all participating schools.

COVERAGE: PRIMARY AND SECONDARY SCHOOL-AGE CHILDREN

Total number primary and secondary school-age children: 149,489

Receiving school food:
- Yes
- No
- No response

Food was also provided to some students in...

- Pre-schools
- Vocational/trade schools
- Other

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NUTRITION
School feeding program(s) included/involved the following:
- Fortified foods
- Bio-fortified foods
- Micronutrient supplements
- Nutritionists involved
- Objective to meet nutritional goals
- Objective to reduce obesity

Food items fortified/biofortified:
Dairy products, fruits, sugar

Micronutrients:
Iron, calcium, vitamins A and C

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Each program engages one nutritionist whose salary is paid by the national government. Nutritional requirements for food baskets are used to prevent or mitigate overweight/obesity.

STUDIES CONDUCTED
Informal consultations with parents have indicated that children's school attendance has increased as a result of the program.

RESEARCH NEEDED
Not specified.

AGRICULTURE, EMPLOYMENT, AND COMMUNITY PARTICIPATION
Jobs created by school feeding programs*
450
- Cooks and food preparers
- Transporters
- Off-site processors
- Food packagers and handlers
- Monitoring
- Food service management
- Safety and quality inspectors

*If blank, no response was provided.

Farmers were involved with the school feeding program(s)... Yes ☐ No ☐ No response

Other private sector (for profit) actors were involved... Yes ☐ No ☐ No response

There was a focus on creating jobs or leadership or income-generating opportunities for...
- Women ☐ Yes ☐ No ☐ Other groups
- Youth ☐ Other groups ☐ No response

There was community engagement (by parents or others) in the school feeding program(s)... Yes ☐ No ☐ No response

Were there links between food banks and the school feeding program(s)? Yes ☐ No ☐ There are no food banks in this country.

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION
Farms of all sizes are involved with school feeding by selling directly (or through their farmer organization) to the programs, and the private sector is involved in food processing and supplying utensils. The school feeding programs maintain a focus on creating jobs or income generating opportunities for women and other individuals who are unemployed, owners of small businesses, or farmers. Community members are also encouraged to support the school feeding program, such as by constructing school kitchens.

SUCCESSES AND CHALLENGES
Recent successes related to school feeding in Guyana include the achievement of the set objectives (such as increased school attendance), as well as benefits realized by communities (such as income earned by farmers). However, the programs were greatly impacted by the COVID-19 pandemic, delaying plans to expand school feeding to additional regions.

EMERGENCIES/COVID-19 PANDEMIC
Schools in Guyana remained mostly closed from September to December 2020, while in 2021, some schools opened and other schools continued to operate remotely. Due to the COVID-19 pandemic, funding for the Community-Based Hot Meal Programme decreased; however, funding was increased for the Juice and Biscuit Snack Programme. Overall, the pandemic resulted in a decrease in the number of students fed and the frequency of school feeding, and prompted a temporary change in beneficiaries (e.g., switching from targeting students to targeting families).

CONTACTS: GUYANA
Agency: Ministry of Education
Website: https://education.gov.gy/en/
COMMUNITY-BASED HOT MEAL PROGRAMME

Lead implementer(s): Ministry of Education

OBJECTIVES:
• To meet educational goals
• To provide a social safety net
• To meet nutritional and/or health goals

MODALITIES OF PROVIDING STUDENTS WITH FOOD:
• In-school meals

FREQUENCY AND DURATION:
• 5 times per week during the school year

TARGETING:
Geographic

HOW MANY STUDENTS RECEIVED SCHOOL FOOD IN 2020–2021 SCHOOL YEAR?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School level</th>
<th># Students</th>
<th>% Girls</th>
<th>% Boys</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-school</td>
<td>2,586</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>24,716</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary school</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>27,302</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOOD AND BEVERAGE ITEMS:

- Roots, tubers
- Legumes, pulses, nuts
- Dairy products
- Eggs
- Meat
- Poultry
- Fish
- Green, leafy vegetables
- Fruits
- Oil
- Salt
- Sugar
- Fruit juice

FOOD SOURCES:

100% Purchased (domestic)
0% In-kind (domestic)
0% Purchased (foreign)
0% In-kind (foreign)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
The Community-Based Hot Meal Programme began operating in 2006 and covered 223 public schools during the 2020/2021 school year. To limit food waste, food is prepared to meet average student consumption. In the upcoming school year, there are plans to serve over 30,000 students.

JUICE AND BISCUIT SNACK PROGRAMME

Lead implementer(s): Ministry of Education

OBJECTIVES:
• To meet educational goals
• To provide a social safety net

MODALITIES OF PROVIDING STUDENTS WITH FOOD:
• In-school snacks

FREQUENCY AND DURATION:
• 5 times per week during the school year

TARGETING:
Not specified

HOW MANY STUDENTS RECEIVED SCHOOL FOOD IN 2020–2021 SCHOOL YEAR?

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>School level</th>
<th># Students</th>
<th>% Girls</th>
<th>% Boys</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Pre-school</td>
<td>13,050</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Primary school</td>
<td>24,468</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Secondary school</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Total</td>
<td>37,518</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>—</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOOD AND BEVERAGE ITEMS:

- Dairy products
- Fruits
- Salt
- Sugar
- Fruit juice

FOOD SOURCES:

- Purchased (domestic)
- In-kind (domestic)
- Purchased (foreign)
- In-kind (foreign)

ADDITIONAL INFORMATION:
The Juice and Biscuit Snack Programme began operating in 2010 and covered 483 public schools in the 2020/2021 school year. There are plans to serve 39,000 students in the upcoming school year.